PROJECT LOCATION

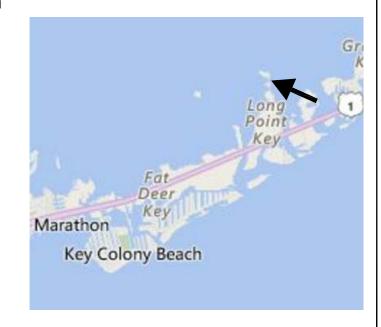
PART GOVERNMENT LOT 1 & ADJACENT BAY BOTTOM (RE#00099570-000000 & 00099590-000000)

LONG POINT KEY SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 65 SOUTH, RANGE 33 EAST LATITUDE: 24.758684°N LONGITUDE: 80.986333°W

DIRECTIONS:

U.S. HIGHWAY NO. 1 NORTH TO MM 57±. PROJECT SITE: 56195 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY

ADJOINING OWNERS MICHELLE ELTER 338 BEAUFORT ST. SE AIKEN, SC 29801-4716





REVISIONS:

LOCATION & VICINITY MAP SCALE: AS SHOWN

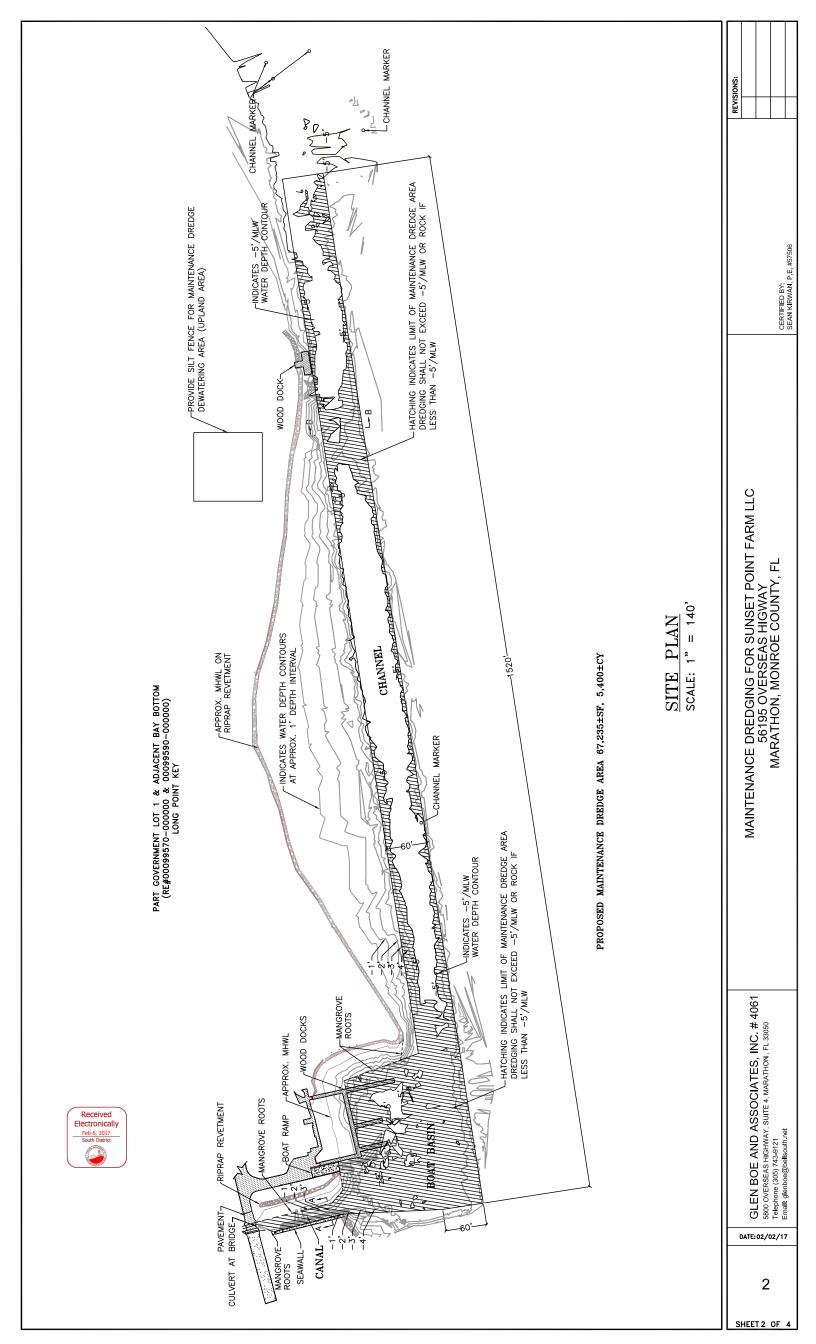
MAINTENANCE DREDGING FOR SUNSET POINT FARM LLC 56195 OVERSEAS HIGWAY MARATHON, MONROE COUNTY, FL

GLEN BOE AND ASSOCIATES, INC. # 4061
5800 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY, SUITE 4, MARATHON, FL 33050
Telephone (305) 743-9121 Fax (305) 743-9197
Email: glenboe@bellsouth.net

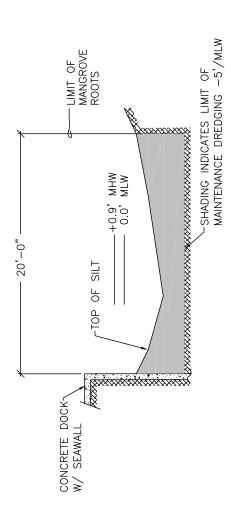
DATE:02/02/17

1

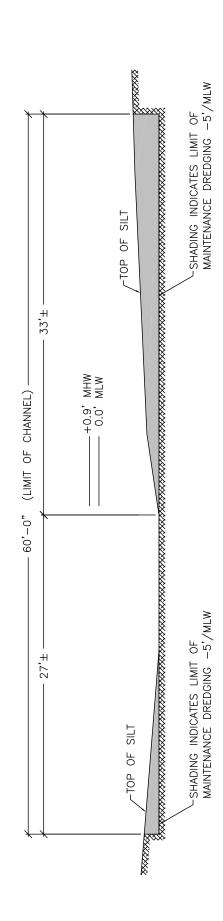
SHEET 1 OF 4







= 1'-0A-ASECTION SCALE: 1/8"



= 1'-0SECTION B-B SCALE: 1/8"

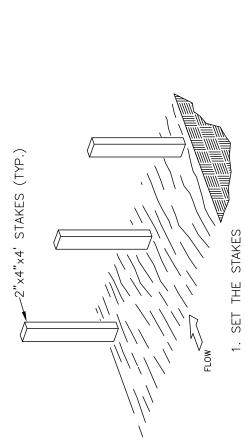
GLEN BOE AND ASSOCIATES, INC. # 4061
S800 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY, SUITE 4, MARATHON, FL 33050
Telephone (305) 743-9197
Email: glenboe@bellsouth.net

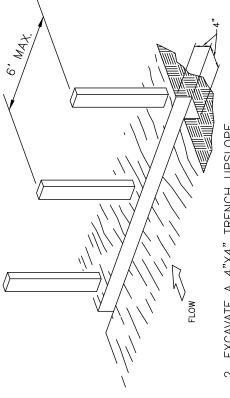
CERTIFIED BY: SEAN KIRWAN, P.E. #57506

REVISIONS:

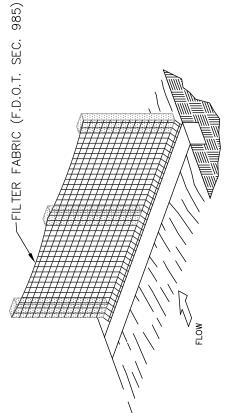
DATE: 02/02/17







2. EXCAVATE A 4"X4" TRENCH UPSLOPE ALONG THE LINE OF STAKES.



BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE EXCAVATED SOIL. 4.

FENCE FILTER \equiv TYPE F.D.O.T.

3. STAPLE FILTER MATERIAL TO STAKES AND EXTEND IT INTO THE TRENCH.

GLEN BOE AND ASSOCIATES, INC. # 4061
S800 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY. SUITE 4, MARATHON, FL 33050
Telephone (305) 743-9197
Email: glenboe@belisouth.net

DATE: 02/02/17

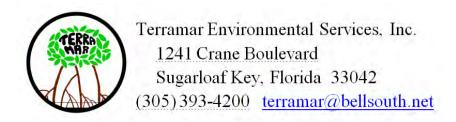
CERTIFIED BY: SEAN KIRWAN, P.E. #57506

REVISIONS:

4

MAINTENANCE DREDGE BENTHIC ASSESSMENT SUNSET POINT FARM LLC LONG POINT KEY MONROE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Prepared by:



INTRODUCTION

The owners of the Sunset Point Farms LLC, located on the northern tip of Long Point Key,

Monroe County, Florida, are proposing maintenance improvements to an existing boat basin

and associated access channel along the eastern shoreline of the property (Figure 1). The

proposed project involves the maintenance dredging of an existing man-made boat basin and

existing boat channel.

All information regarding project design was based on project plans prepared by Glen Boe and

Associates received on November 8, 2016 that detail the location of the project site and the

extent of all proposed improvements.

In order to evaluate the environmental impacts of the proposed project, a current assessment

of the biological resources that could potentially be impacted by the project is needed. The

objective of this benthic resource assessment is to document living marine resources on

submerged lands within the project area. In addition, a specific-purpose survey for attached

stony corals is needed to fulfill Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary (FKNMS) requirements.

METHODS

An in-water assessment of the area proposed for maintenance dredging was conducted on

November 13, 2016. The survey area included the entire extent of the existing basin and docks,

as well as the entire length of the channel proposed for maintenance dredging. Transects were

not needed within the boat basin adjacent to the existing docks and ramp where dredging is

proposed because of the small size of the area and the limited submerged resources present.

Reference photographs were taken during the assessment and are provided as Attachment 1.

In order to characterize the benthic habitat within the area of proposed maintenance dredging

throughout the existing access channel, a series of 300ft Keson fiberglass survey tapes were

deployed along the seafloor to establish a series of primary transects extending along the

Benthic Resource Assessment

length of the western edge of existing channel that runs parallel to the eastern extent of the property (Figure 2). Additional temporary transects were then deployed out 60 feet to the east and across the existing channel extending perpendicular to the primary transect at 25 foot intervals in order to assess submerged resources throughout the entire channel area (Figure 3).

A snorkeler swam the length of each secondary transect conducting a visual assessment of the seafloor in the general vicinity of each survey tape and extending approximately 10-15 feet on either side, and recorded the location along the bottom when conditions were observably different. Percent cover for benthic communities were categorized into discrete cover classifications by visual estimation.

In addition, all areas surveyed were visually assessed in order to determine if any corals were present in the area proposed for maintenance dredging that could be impacted. Data recorded included transect number, location on transect, dominant habitat type, and significant species present. A summary of the results is provided (Tables 1-5). Reference photographs were taken during the assessment and are provided as Attachment 1.

RESULTS

Boat basin

The benthic community of the existing boat basin is characterized by barren, deep silt and detritus throughout the entire area surveyed. The northern and western edges of the boat basin, as well as the northern edge of the small side channel located at the south-western extent of the boat basin were comprised of dense red mangroves (*Rhizophora mangle*) with drop roots that supported only limited algae and a few tunicates overhanging barren silt and decaying accumulated vegetation. The limit of the boat basin footprint was distinct, with a distinct rock ledge along the perimeter indicating the extent of the original removal of the seafloor to form the boat basin.

All other submerged materials associated with the concrete boat ramp and wooden support pilings for the existing docks were essentially barren, colonized by limited amounts of filamentous algae.

The area adjacent to the southern and eastern extent of the boat basin, located <u>outside of the</u> <u>footprint of proposed maintenance dredging</u>, was shallow hardbottom dominated by macroalgae along with limited amounts of soft corals, sponges, and stony corals.

Access Channel

The limit of the access channel footprint was distinct, with a distinct rock ledge on both sides along the entire length, indicating the extent of the original removal of the seafloor during the original construction of the access channel.

The benthic habitat in the access channel included a combination of the following habitats:

- Sand and rubble with sparse to moderate cover macroalgae;
- Sandy, largely barren seafloor with dense accumulations of detritus and drift algae and sparse macroalgae;
- Seagrass beds composed of moderate to dense seagrass cover;

<u>Sand and rubble habitats</u>: The seafloor extending out 1-5 feet from the rock edge of the channel on either side was characterized by sand and rubble with limited amounts of macroalgae, predominantly Halimeda sp.

<u>Sandy, largely barren habitats</u>: Large areas of the seafloor located in the central portion of the access channel were characterized by extensive mats of accumulated detritus and drift algae mats covering a largely barren, sandy seafloor, with limited amounts of macroalgae, primarily *Halimeda sp.* present.

Seagrass Beds: The most significant benthic resources identified within the area of proposed maintenance dredging were several large patches of consolidated seagrass (Figure 4). Within the southern section of the access channel extending into the boat basin, only occasional small seagrass isolates, primarily *Halodule wrightii*, were observed in a few locations near the center and along the eastern edge access channel that forms the eastern extent of the existing boat basin. Throughout the remainder of the access channel extending north appx. 1000 ft, several areas of the seafloor within the proposed project limits support well established mixed seagrass beds of manatee grass (*Syringodium filiforme*) and shoal grass (*Halodule wrightii*) ranging from moderate (25-50%) to dense (>75%) in cover. In addition, trace amounts of turtle grass (*Thalassia testudinum*) were present throughout the project area, but were limited to sparse isolated sprigs mixed in with denser beds of *Syringodium* and *Halodule*, or as isolated sprigs mixed in with areas of sand and macroalgae often noted along the edge of the channel seafloor near the rock edge of the channel.

<u>Areas Outside the Project Limits</u>: The area adjacent to both the eastern and western extent of the access channel, <u>located outside of the footprint of proposed maintenance dredging</u>, was shallow hardbottom dominated by macroalgae along with limited amounts of soft corals, sponges, and stony corals. The wooden support pilings of the existing dock near the northern end of the access channel were essentially barren, colonized by limited amounts of filamentous algae.

PROJECT IMPACTS

Seagrass

To assess impacts to seagrass resources within the project limits, the seagrass map was overlaid onto the proposed maintenance dredging plan in ARCGIS and the overlap calculated. The total estimated impacts to seagrass habitat resulting from the proposed project is 14,177 sf, with the majority of those impacts in the access channel (Figure 4). The seagrass resources impacted are

moderate (25-50%) to dense (>75%) cover, mixed-species seagrass beds with manatee grass (*Syringodium filiforme*) and shoal grass (*Halodule wrightii*) present.

Coral Impacts

No corals were present within either the boat basin or the area of the existing channel where maintenance dredging is proposed. Although a significant number of stony corals were observed on the hardbottom area adjacent to the existing channel, because the maintenance dredging is confined to only the area within the existing channel there are no direct impacts anticipated to the surrounding hardbottom community.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS SUMMARY

The proposed project was designed to avoid and minimize impacts to benthic resources to the maximum extent practical. Avoidance and minimization measures include limiting the dredge depth, and confining maintenance dredging activities to the existing man-made boat basin and access channel. Despite efforts to avoid and minimize benthic impacts, impacts to benthic resources are un-avoidable.

The proposed maintenance dredging will impact 14,177 sf of seagrass habitat within the existing access channel.

No corals were documented within the proposed maintenance dredging limits. Small corals were observed on hardbottom habitat outside the project limits, and impacts to these corals and other benthic resources can be easily avoided using best management practices to complete the project.



Figure 1. Aerial image indicating the location of proposed maintenance dredging at Sunset Point Farm LLC, Long Point Key, Monroe County, Florida.





Figure 2. Aerial image indicating the location of the multiple 300ft primary transects deployed in order to assess the entire length of the 1500ft channel proposed for maintenance dredging at Sunset Point Farm LLC, Long Point Key, Monroe County, Florida.





Figure 3. Aerial image indicating the location of primary and secondary transects deployed in order to assess each 300ft section of the channel proposed for maintenance dredging at Sunset Point Farm LLC, Long Point Key, Monroe County, Florida.



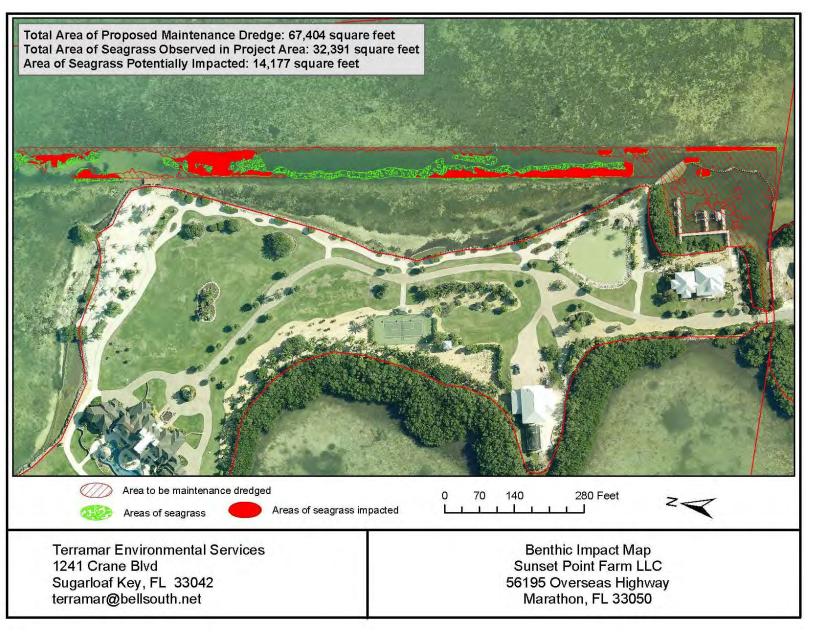


Figure 4. Seagrass distribution and estimated impacts.



Table 1. Summary of benthic observations (Transect #1)				
Primary Transect	Secondary Transect	Observations		
Location (ft)	Location (ft)			
300	0-24	sand with sparse (<10%) macroalgae and drift algae mats		
	24-38	sand with scattered (10-25%) Syringodium and limited macroalgae		
	38-56	sand with moderate (25-50%) Syringodium/Thalassia mix and sparse(<10%) macroalgae		
	56-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
275	0-18	sand with sparse (<10%) macroalgae and drift algae mats		
	18-55	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	55-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
250	0-42	sand with sparse (<10%) macroalgae		
	42-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium		
225	0-35	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	35-42	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
	42-54	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	54-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) <i>Thalassia</i> and scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
200	0-6	sand with sparse (<10%) macroalgae		
	6-40	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	40-56	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	56-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
175	0-32	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	32-56	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	56-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
150	0-34	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	34-55	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	55-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
125	0-6	sand		
	6-18	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium		
	18-30	moderate (25-50%) Halodule with scattered (25-50%) macroalgae		
	30-42	sand with sparse (<10%) macroalgae and drift algae mats		
	42-52	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	52-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) <i>Thalassia</i> and scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
100	0-12	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	12-18	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae and isolated sprigs of Halodule		
	18-42	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	42-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule and isolated sprigs of Syringodium		
75	0-18	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix		
	18-52	sand with sparse (<10%) macroalgae and drift algae mats		
	52-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix		
50	0-6	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule		
	6-56	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	56-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
25	0-56	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	56-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
0	0-56	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	56-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		

Table 2. Summary of benthic observations (Transect #2)				
Primary	Secondary			
Transect	Transect			
Location (ft)	Location (ft)	Observations		
300	0-6	sand with moderate/dense (50-75%) macroalgae		
	6-12	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix		
	12-60	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
275	0-8	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
	8-12	sand		
	12-22	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	22-55	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	55-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
250	0-6	sand and rubble with sparse (<10%) macroalgae		
	6-12	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule		
	12-56	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	56-60	sand and rubble with sparse (<10%) macroalgae and accumulated drift algae mats		
225	0-6	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
	6-36	dense (>75%) Syringodium/Halodule		
	36-52	moderate(25-50%) Halodule		
	52-56	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	56-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
200	0-6	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
	6-12	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	12-56	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium with sand blowouts		
	56-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae and accumulated drift algae mats		
175	0-4	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
	4-12	dense (>75%) Syringodium		
	12-55	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium with sand blowouts		
	55-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae and accumulated drift algae mats		
150	0-6	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
	6-55	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium		
	55-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
125	0-6	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	6-48	dense (>75%) Syringodium/Halodule		
	48-55	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix		
	55-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae and accumulated drift algae mats		
100	0-10	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
	10-54	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix		
	54-60	sand and rubble with isolated sprigs of <i>Thalassia</i> and scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
75	0-9	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	9-42	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix with sand blowouts		
	42-60	sand and rubble with accumulated drift algae mats		
50	0-30	sand and rubble with sparse (<10%) macroalgae		
	30-45	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule		
	45-60	sand and rubble with accumulated drift algae mats		
25	0-55	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	55-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		

Table 3. Summary of benthic observations (Transect #3)				
Primary	Secondary			
Transect	Transect			
Location (ft)	Location (ft)	Observations		
300	0-4	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	4-45	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule with sand blowouts		
	45-56	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	56-60	sand and rubble with accumulated drift algae mats		
275	0-3	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	3-30	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix		
	30-52	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	52-60	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
250	0-4	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	4-18	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix		
	18-56	sand with accumulated drift algae mats and isolated sprigs Halodule		
	56-60	sand and rubble with accumulated drift algae mats		
225	0-5	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	5-20	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule mix		
	20-48	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	48-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
200	0-9	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	9-24	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule mix		
	24-56	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	56-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
175	0-6	sand with moderate/dense (50-75%) macroalgae		
173	6-18	sand with moderate (25-50%) Syringodium/Halodule mix		
	18-58	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	58-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
150	0-4	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
200	4-15	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium		
	15-60	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
125	0-8	sand with moderate/dense (50-75%) macroalgae		
123	8-14	sand with moderate (25-50%) <i>Halodule/Syringodium</i>		
	14-54	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	54-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
100	0-9	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
100	9-18	sand with moderate (25-50%) Syringodium/Halodule mix		
	18-56	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	56-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
75	0-3	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
,3	3-15	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium		
	15-52	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	52-60	sand with moderate (25-50%) <i>Halodule</i>		
50	0-8	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
50	8-20	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule mix		
	20-58	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		
	58-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
25	0-5	sand with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
۷3	5-14	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium		
	14-60	sand with accumulated drift algae mats		

Table 4. Sum	mary of benthi	c observations (Transect #4)
Primary	Secondary	
Transect	Transect	
Location(ft)	Location(ft)	Observations
300	0-6	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae
	6-33	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule with sand blowouts
	33-60	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus
275	0-4	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
	4-30	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule
	30-60	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus
250	0-6	sand with moderate/dense(50-75%) macroalgae
	6-34	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule
	34-60	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus
225	0-6	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae
	6-30	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix
	30-60	sand with accumulated detritus
200	0-5	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
	5-28	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule
	28-60	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus
175	0-4	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
	4-30	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule
	30-60	sand with accumulated detritus
150	0-10	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
130	10-22	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium
	22-60	sand with accumulated detritus and isolates sprigs of Syringodium
125		
125	0-12	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
	12-36	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix
100	36-60	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus
100	0-3	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
	3-24	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule/Syringodium mix
	24-36	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus
	36-52	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule
	52-60	sand and rubble with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
75	0-6	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
	6-33	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule
	33-40	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus
	40-54	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule with accumulated drift algae
	54-60	sand and rubble with accumulated drift algae
50	0-3	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
	3-33	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule
	33-44	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus
	44-58	moderate/dense (50-75%) <i>Halodule</i> with sand blowouts
	58-60	sand and rubble with accumulated drift algae
25	0-9	sand and rubble with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae
	9-36	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule with sand blowouts
	36-50	sand with accumulated detritus
	50-56	moderate/dense (50-75%) <i>Halodule</i>
	56-60	sand and rubble with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae

Table 5. Summary of benthic observations (Transect #5)				
Primary	Secondary			
Transect	Transect			
Location (ft)	Location (ft)	Observations		
25	0-3	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
	3-32	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule with sand blowouts		
	32-48	sand with accumulated detritus		
	48-56	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium		
	56-60	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus		
50	0-4	sand with moderate(25-50%) macroalgae		
	4-30	moderate/dense (50-75%) Syringodium/Halodule		
	30-48	sand with accumulated detritus		
	48-60	sand		
75	0-30	moderate/dense (50-75%) <i>Halodule</i>		
	30-50	sand with accumulated detritus		
	50-58	sand with moderate (25-50%) <i>Halodule</i>		
	58-60	sand and rubble with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
100	0-5	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
	5-52	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus		
	52-58	sand with moderate (25-50%) Syringodium/Halodule		
	58-60	sand with scattered (10-25%) macroalgae		
125	0-60	sand with accumulated detritus/drift algae		
150	0-52	sand with accumulated detritus/drift algae		
	52-58	sand		
	58-60	sand and rubble with moderate (25-50%) macroalgae		
175	0-50	sand with accumulated drift algae/detritus		
	50-60	sand		
200	0-32	sand with accumulated detritus		
	32-38	moderate/dense (50-75%) <i>Halodule</i>		
	38-54	sand with accumulated detritus		
	54-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule		
225	0-15	moderate/dense (50-75%) <i>Halodule</i>		
	15-40	sand with accumulated detritus		
	40-55	sand		
	55-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule		
250	0-55	sand with accumulated detritus		
	55-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule		
275	0-52	sand with accumulated detritus		
	52-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule		
300	0-56	sand with accumulated detritus		
	56-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) <i>Halodule</i>		
325	0-56	sand with accumulated detritus		
	56-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) <i>Halodule</i>		
350	0-54	sand with accumulated detritus		
	54-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule		
375	0-52	sand with accumulated detritus		
	52-60	moderate/dense (50-75%) Halodule		

ATTACHMENT 1: Project Plans

PART GOVERNMENT LOT 1 & ADJACENT BAY BOTTOM (RE#00099570-000000 & 00099590-000000) LONG POINT KEY -APPROX. MHWL ON RIPRAP REVETMENT RIPRAP REVETMENT PAVEMENT-7 CULVERT AT BRIDGE--INDICATES WATER DEPTH CONTOURS CHANNEL MARKER -INDICATES -5'/MLW WATER DEPTH CONTOUR AT APPROX. 1' DEPTH INTERVAL MANGROVE ROOTS MANGROVE-ROOTS WOOD DOCK _APPROX. MHWL SEAWALL WOOD DOCKS CANAL--MANGROVE ROOTS CHANNEL LCHANNEL MARKER -HATCHING INDICATES LIMIT OF MAINTENANCE DREDGE AREA DREDGING SHALL NOT EXCEED -5'/MLW OR ROCK IF LESS THAN -5'/MLW CHANNEL MARKER -INDICATES -5'/MLW WATER DEPTH CONTOUR HATCHING INDICATES LIMIT OF MAINTENANCE DREDGE AREA DREDGING SHALL NOT EXCEED -5'/MLW OR ROCK IF LESS THAN -5'/MLW SITE PLAN SCALE: 1" = 140' REVISIONS: MAINTENANCE DREDGING GLEN BOE AND ASSOCIATES, INC. # 4061 FOR SUNSET POINT FARM LLC LONG POINT KEY, MONROE COUNTY, FL 5800 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY, SUITE 4, MARATHON , FL 33050 \sim Telephone (305) 743-9121 CERTIFIED BY: Email: glenboe@bellsouth.net

SEAN KIRWAN, P.E. #57506

ATTACHMENT 2: Channel Dredging Assessment Photo Log



Photo from the south end of the project area near the boat basin looking down the access channel to the north.



Photo of existing dock structures within the boat basin.





Photo showing the clear delineation between the previously dredged access channel and the surrounding hardbottom area.

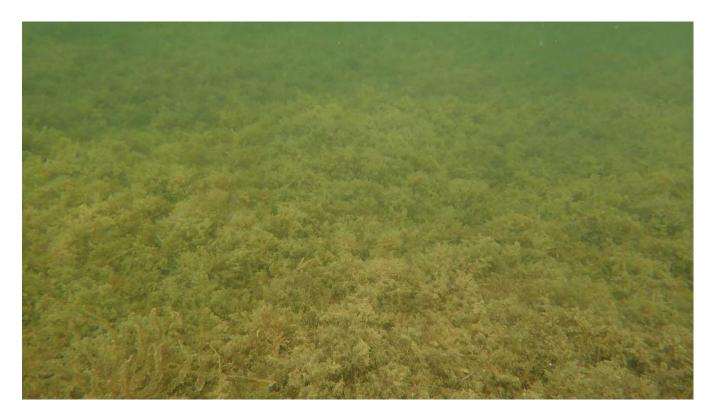


Photo of dense mats of accumulated drift algae over barren sand areas throughout majority of project area.





Photo of dense seagrass bed, typically either *Syringodium*, *Halodule*, or a mix of both seagrass species, located within the area proposed for maintenance dredging.

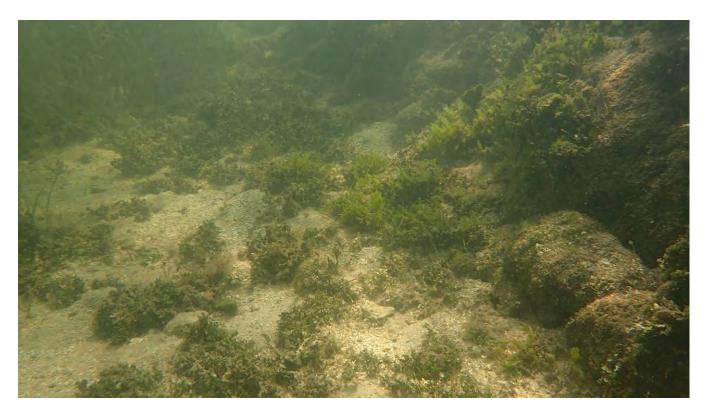


Photo of rubble, sand, and macroalgae typical in the narrow margin between the rock edge and the existing channel. These areas are located within the area proposed for maintenance dredging.





Photo of rubble, sand, and macroalgae typical in the narrow margin between the rock edge and the existing channel, with seagrass also visible. These areas are located within the area proposed for maintenance dredging.



Photo of accumulated detritus and decaying vegetation accumulated over soft, mucky sediments within the existing boat basin.

Received Electronically